OU KASHRUT

PAGE

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Finding *Chametz* on Pesach

The Torah commands us on that before Pesach we must to remove all chametz from our domain and possession. This is in order not to transgress the prohibition of "bal yera'eh" and "bal yimatzei", i.e. the commandments not to own *chametz* on Pesach. In order to take extra measures to ensure one does not transgress possessing chametz on Pesach, our Sages required one to both physically remove the chametz, and to nullify it mentally. The nullification (bitul) removes ownership and relationship with the chametz, including chametz that is not known to the owner, while removing any physical chametz is the more practical form of preventing transgression. The physical removal is in and of itself a mitzvah called "biur chametz" (the mitzvah to destroy chametz). An unfortunate occurrence can be finding chametz in one's home on Pesach itself. The correct course of action is based on several factors.

CHAMETZ FOUND ON CHOL HAMOED

If chametz, in any amount, is found on *Chol Hamoed*, one must immediately dispose of the *chametz*. The *chametz* must be burned until it is no longer edible. Other forms of disposal such as throwing in a lake are not sufficient

once Pesach has begun. Authorities dispute whether a bracha should be recited on *Chol Hamoed* when *chametz* is being burned. The accepted ruling is not to say a bracha when burning the *chametz*.

CHAMETZ FOUND ON YOM TOV

The Gemara in Pesachim (6a) states that someone who finds chametz on Yom Tov is not allowed to move it and must cover it with a utensil or different type of covering. Authorities explain that since chametz is prohibited to eat, possess or benefit from, it is considered muktze (the Rabbinic decree not to move certain objects on Shabbat and Yom Tov) and may not be moved. (See Shulchan Aruch Harav OC 308:9.) Regardless of the prohibition of moving the chametz, our Sages added that it must be covered lest one come to eat it accidently. It is clear from our Sages that once Yom Tov or Shabbat has ended, the chametz should be burned as explained above.

Early authorities debate whether the Gemara prohibits moving only *chametz* that was previously nullified (prior to Pesach) or even *chametz* that was not nullified (such as receiving a package on Pesach, which has *chametz*). *Rashi, Or Zarua,* and others rule that the Gemara was only relating to *chametz* that was nullified before Pesach, which is only a transgression of the Rabbinic prohibition of having edible *chametz* in one's domain. However, if someone were to find *chametz* that was not nullified, he must dispose of it on Yom Tov itself, since every moment, he is transgressing *bal yera'eh* and *bal yimatzei*. In contrast, *Rambam* The OU Israel Gustave & Carol Jacobs Center for Kashrut Education was created to raise awareness and educate the public in all areas of kashrut. Rabbi Ezra Friedman, Deputy Rabbinic Administrator for OU Kosher Israel is the Center's director.

(Chametz U'matza 2:8) clearly rules that even if the chametz is not nullified, one may not move it on Yom Tov. Many commentators discuss Rambam's unique position (see Kesef Mishne and Rabbeinu Manoach). Later authorities discuss the issue of removing the chametz. The Vilna Gaon and others rule that it makes no difference whether the chametz was nullified or not, all chametz found on Yom Toy or Shabbat must be covered, and only disposed of on Chol Hamoed. However, the Aruch Hashulchan (OC 446) and others rule that non-nullified chametz must be disposed of even on Yom Tov, while nullified *chametz* needs to be covered, and burned only on Chol Hamoed. The accepted position is that of the Vilna Gaon.

An option to resolve the issue of finding *chametz* on Yom Tov or Shabbat is to ask a non-Jew to remove it from one's domain. A non-Jew is not obligated to refrain from eating *chametz* or to keep Shabbat laws including *muktze*. Based on this, it would be an optimal solution to find a non-Jew and have him/her remove the *chametz* from the premises. Even though some authorities debated this option, it would still seem that it is the optimal solution. In a case where *chametz* was found in one's home on Yom Tov, a non-Jew may be asked to dispose of the *chametz*.

IN SUMMARY:

- Even after fastidious preparation, sometimes *chametz* is found in our possession on Pesach.
- The only method for the destruction of

chametz once Pesach has commenced is burning. No bracha is recited.

- The consensus among the *poskim* is if *chametz* is found on Yom Tov, it should be covered to prevent handling or eating, and it must be burned after the Yom Tov. If a non-Jew is available, it is preferable to ask him/her to dispose of the *chametz*.
- If *chametz* is found on *Chol Hamoed*, one must burn it.

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